

# Continuing competence programme for osteopaths

Effective from 1 April 2021

(Approved by Council 15 February 2021)



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### Introduction

- The Osteopathic Council of New Zealand (Council), is required by the Health Practitioners
  Competence Assurance Act 2003 to protect the health and safety of the public by ensuring that
  osteopaths are fit and competent to practise their profession.
- 2. Among other responsibilities set out in section 118 of the Act, Council must recognise, accredit and set programmes to ensure the ongoing competence of osteopaths. To meet this obligation, Council has set a new recertification programme (Continuing Competence Programme (CCP)) under section 41(3)(f) of the Act. The CCP requires all osteopaths who hold a practising certificate to actively engage in continuing professional development (CPD) in accordance with the requirements set out in this policy.
- 3. During 2019 and 2020, Council undertook extensive research into current thinking on quality continuing competence practice, and consulted with the profession. As a result of that process, Council decided to update the requirements of its CCP to encourage all osteopaths to engage in CPD that is:
  - High quality
  - Relevant to their individual learning needs
  - Appropriate to their practice
  - Likely to improve both their knowledge and their practice.

## What is CPD, and why must I do it?

- 4. A relevant qualification provides an osteopath with the knowledge and skills necessary to enter the profession, but it is not the final step of any osteopath's educational process. For the safety of their patients, osteopaths need to remain current on advances and trends in delivery of healthcare services. This is achieved through career-long participation in CPD.
- Council defines CPD as a range of learning activities that maintain, enhance and develop an
  osteopath's practice throughout their career. CPD may include learning and development relevant
  to clinical, managerial, social, ethical, cultural and personal skills required for the safe practice of
  osteopathy in New Zealand.

## Council's philosophy on continuing competence

6. The CCP is an opportunity for Council to ensure that its philosophy on continuing competence is clearly understood by osteopaths, and enables osteopaths to broaden their own views of what constitutes continuing competence. Three key principles underpin Council's philosophy on continuing competence.

#### **Principle 1**

#### Continuing professional development opportunities exist in everyday practice.

- Council is of the view that most if not all osteopaths will easily meet the requirements of the CCP if they continue to do what they have always done – as long as they document their learning process.
- 8. For example, a conversation with a colleague about how to manage a difficult case (regardless of whether you are the osteopath asking for input or providing input) is likely to provide a learning opportunity for both parties to the conversation. If this is followed up with an email from the treating osteopath to the colleague they consulted, which sets out the outcome of the treatment, and any lessons learned, that email will constitute a record of a continuing competence activity for both participants.

#### **Principle 2**

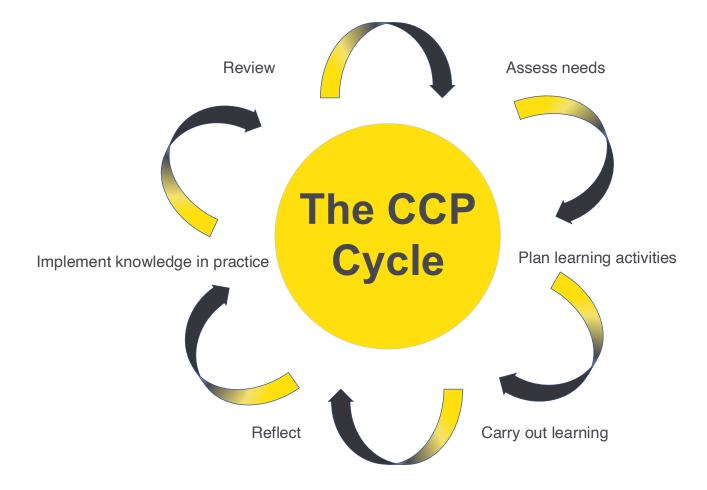
#### Learning with peers creates valuable opportunities for practice insights and improvements.

- Council recognises that, as a profession, osteopaths tend to practise in more isolation than many other health professions. Council is also aware that professional isolation can be a risk factor for poor performance.
- 10. Council is of the view that osteopaths should engage in peer review as part of their CCP activities (whether with another osteopath, or in a multi-disciplinary environment). Council strongly encourages osteopaths to engage in some form of peer review as part of the their CCP.<sup>1</sup>
- 11. Importantly, Council expressly supports osteopaths engaging meaningfully with other health practitioner colleagues, with a view to building strong professional networks that ensure quality patient care and safety.

#### **Principle 3**

Working within an appropriate learning framework helps to embed knowledge, skills and attitudes in practice.

- 12. Council believes that for the best results, osteopaths need to put time into:
  - assessing their learning needs;
  - planning their CPD to address those needs;
  - · carrying out the learning;
  - reflecting on what they have learned and what it might mean for their future practice;
  - · if appropriate, implementing those learnings into their practice; and
  - reviewing how their practice has changed as a result of the learnings.
- 13. This is a cyclical process as set out in the diagram below.2



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Council has developed guidance to assist osteopaths with planning and completing the CCP cycle.

## **Continuing Competence Programme – requirements**

#### **Core requirements**

- 1. Council has set the following core requirements for the CCP.
  - All osteopaths who hold a practising certificate must engage in at least 50 points (1-point
    equating to 1 hour of learning) of CPD in every two-year recertification cycle. The first
    recertification cycle under this policy begins on 1 April 2021 and ends on 31 March 2023.
  - A minimum of 10 hours must be completed in each year; however, Council expects that osteopaths will plan their CPD activity so that it is relatively evenly spread throughout the cycle.
  - As part of each cycle, each osteopath must:
    - Assess and record their learning needs, demonstrating that they have considered these needs with reference to the Council's Capabilities for Osteopathic Practice, Code of Conduct and other relevant standards and policies;
    - Plan their learning activities, and document their plan;
    - Carry out the learning, and retain evidence of that learning;
    - Reflect on what they have learned, and document their reflections;
    - Implement relevant changes in their practice; and
    - Review the impact on their practice following implementation, and document the results.
  - Council will monitor compliance by periodically auditing a random sample of evidence requested from a random sample of osteopaths. Each selected osteopath will be asked to submit their learning plan and specified documentation relevant to activities undertaken.
  - CCP activities must be recorded. Eventually this will be through an online platform; however
    initially recording may be either through use of templates provided by Council, or through any
    other preferred means, provided each osteopath's records cover all of the record-keeping
    requirements.

#### **Exemptions**

- 2. Under section 41(5) of the Act, Council may exempt any practitioner, or class of practitioner, from all or any of the requirements of a recertification programme. Council has exempted all registered osteopaths who do not hold a current practising certificate (non-practising osteopaths) from all requirements of the CCP. However, Council strongly recommends that non-practising osteopaths intending to return to practice continue to participate in the CCP.
- There is no exemption or reduction in requirements for osteopaths in part-time practice.
   All practising osteopaths must meet the required standards of competence, regardless of the number of hours they work.

4. Council may consider a request from an individual osteopath for exemption from some or all requirements of the CCP where there are exceptional circumstances that limit the osteopath's ability to meet requirements. Any request for an exemption should be made as soon as the individual osteopath becomes aware that they may have difficulty meeting requirements.

## **Pro-rating of points**

5. Where an osteopath obtains a practising certificate part way through a CCP cycle, their points requirement will be pro-rated to the end of the cycle as follows:

| Practising certificate issued | Points required |
|-------------------------------|-----------------|
| Year 1: March to May          | 50              |
| Year 1: June - August         | 44              |
| Year 1: September - December  | 38              |
| Year 1: January to March      | 32              |
| Year 2: March to May          | 24              |
| Year 2: June - August         | 18              |
| Year 2: September - December  | 12              |
| Year 2: January - March       | 0               |

## Verification of participation

- 6. At both the mid-point and the end of the CCP cycle, Council may ask a random sample of osteopaths to supply documentation to support their CCP records. The purpose of this is to:
  - Provide guidance to any osteopaths whose CCP records require improvement;
  - Assure Council that osteopaths are completing the requirements of the CCP (including staying up to date with recording their activities); and
  - Identify whether there is a need to develop further resources to help osteopaths to meet requirements.

7. If, following a mid-point verification, an osteopath's CCP record appears to be inadequate, Council will advise the osteopath of any concerns identified and refer the osteopath to Council's guidance documents so that the osteopath can decide how to remedy the issue. Council is likely to reverify that osteopath's records at the end of the cycle to satisfy itself that the concerns have been addressed and that the osteopath's continuing competence practice has improved.

#### Non-compliance

- 8. The CCP is a critical aspect of Council's role in assuring the competence of osteopaths, so Council needs to be assured that osteopaths are genuinely engaging with requirements. Council acknowledges that most osteopaths will make a genuine effort to engage in quality CPD that is relevant to their practice and learning needs.
- Osteopaths who appear to have made a genuine effort but whose CCP does not meet Council's
  expectations will be provided with advice and education to assist them in improving their continuing
  competence practice.
- 10. However, there may be circumstances where Council takes a more serious view of an osteopath's non-compliance with CCP requirements. These circumstances include (but are not limited to):
  - There is a significant deficit in the number of points required for the cycle;
  - The osteopath is unable to provide documentation to support a significant number of activities recorded; or
  - The osteopath has previously been provided with advice and education from Council and has not made improvements to their continuing competence practice.
- 11. In such cases, under section 43 of the Act, Council may order that:
  - The osteopath's scope of practice is altered by the inclusion of conditions, or by changing the health services they are permitted to perform; or
  - The osteopath's registration is suspended.
- 12. When considering whether to make orders under section 43 of the Act, Council will invite submissions from the osteopath, and will consider the individual facts of the case before deciding how to proceed.

## **Recording CCP**

13. Council is in the process of developing a platform within MyOC which will assist osteopaths in maintaining records for the CCP. In the meantime, MS-Word-based resources have been developed. These are available on Council's website.

### **Further guidance**

14. Council has developed a guidance document and additional resources, templates and tools that sit alongside this policy. The aim of the guidance is to help osteopaths to engage in quality CPD. Osteopaths are not obliged to follow the guidance but reviewing the material available is recommended.

Click here for the document Continuing Competence Programme Guidance for Osteopaths

### **Give feedback**

- 15. Council welcomes feedback on the CCP and on the usefulness of guidance material provided.
- 16. Any feedback can be sent to: osteoadmin@osteopathiccouncil.org.nz

## **Continuing Competence Programme for Osteopaths: Where do I start?**

#### 1

#### **Assess your learning needs**

Read section on assessing your learning needs in Council's Guidance on CCP and review the resources

Try the Council tool for assessing learning needs (on Council's website) or any other tool you think will work for you.

Ask a colleague or your peer group how they are self assessing their learning needs.



#### 2

#### **Plan your CPD**

Read section on planning your CPD in Council's Guidance on CCP, with reference to the learning needs you have identified. Review the resources provided.

Try the Council tool for CPD planning (on Council's website), or any other tool you think will work for you.

Undertake CPD Activity Aim to establish an initial plan that spreads your CPD activity over the year.



**Undertake CPD Activity** 



#### 3

#### **Reflect on your learnings**

Read section on self reflection in Council's Guidance on CCP.

Make notes, ideally within a few days of the activity, on what (if any) value the activity provided, and how (if at all) you will incorporate your learnings into practice.



#### 4

#### **Record your CPD**

Read section on recording your CPD in Council's Guidance on CCP.

Try the Council tool for recording CPD (on Council's website), or any other tool you think will work for you.

Whichever tool you use, make sure you record everything Council needs to see.

Keep your records updated at least monthly.